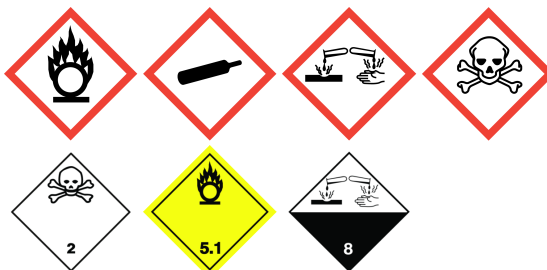


### Danger



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : nitrogen dioxide  
Product code : ALSA090  
Other means of identification : nitrogen dioxide  
CAS-No. : 10102-44-0  
EC-No. : 233-272-6  
EC Index-No. : 007-002-00-0  
REACH registration No : 01-2120770753-48  
Chemical formula : NO<sub>2</sub>

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Test gas/Calibration gas.  
Chemical reaction / Synthesis.  
Laboratory use.  
Contact supplier for more information on uses.  
Industrial use. Perform risk assessment prior to use.

Uses advised against : Consumer use.  
Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

AIR LIQUIDE (PTY) LTD  
03 Crn Vereeniging Road & Andre Marais Street Alrode, Alberton  
1451 Gauteng  
SOUTH AFRICA  
T +27 87 288 1100  
[reshoketsoe.makuse@airliquide.com](mailto:reshoketsoe.makuse@airliquide.com) - [www.airliquide.co.za](http://www.airliquide.co.za)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +27 87 288 1100

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

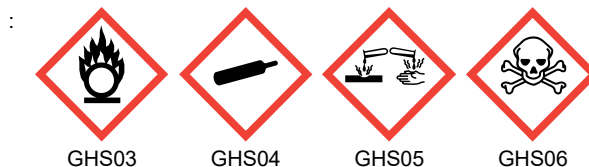
#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Oxidising Gases, Category 1	H270
	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 1	H330
	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B	H314
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318
	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Signal word (CLP)

Hazard statements (CLP)

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention

- Response

- Storage

- Disposal considerations

- : Danger
- : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.  
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H330 - Fatal if inhaled.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
- : P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.  
P244 - Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.  
P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.  
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.  
P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
- : P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).  
P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).  
P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.  
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
P312 - Call doctor, a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- : P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.  
: P501 - Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
nitrogen dioxide	CAS-No.: 10102-44-0 EC-No.: 233-272-6 EC Index-No.: 007-002-00-0 REACH registration No: 01-2120770753-48	100	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

### **3.2. Mixtures**

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### **4.1. Description of first aid measures**

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.  
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract.  
Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.  
See section 11.

### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Obtain medical assistance.  
Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.  
Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Specific hazards : Supports combustion.  
Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.  
If possible, stop flow of product.  
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.  
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.  
Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.  
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel
- : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
  - Try to stop release.
  - Evacuate area.
  - Ensure adequate air ventilation.
  - Eliminate ignition sources.
  - Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
  - Stay upwind.
  - See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment
- For emergency responders
- : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
  - Use chemically protective clothing.
  - Monitor concentration of released product.
  - See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

- Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.
- Try to stop release.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Hose down area with water.
- Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Safe use of the product
- : Use only lubricants and sealings approved for the specific gas service.
  - Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended.
  - Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
  - Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu>.
  - Use no oil or grease.
  - Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
  - The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
  - Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
  - Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
  - Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
  - Do not smoke while handling product.
  - Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
  - Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
  - Do not breathe gas.
  - Avoid release of product into work area.

**Safe handling of the gas receptacle**

- : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
- Do not allow backfeed into the container.
- Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
- When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
- Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
- If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
- Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
- Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
- Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
- Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
- Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
- Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
- Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
- Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
- Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- Segregate from flammable gases and other flammable materials in store.
- Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
- Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
- Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
- Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
- Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
- Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
- Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
- Keep away from combustible materials.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

None.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1. Control parameters**

nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)	
<b>EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)</b>	
Local name	Nitrogen dioxide
IOEL TWA	0.96 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IOEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm
IOEL STEL	1.91 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IOEL STEL [ppm]	1 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/164
<b>South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Restricted Limits)</b>	
Local name	Nitrogen dioxide
OEL eight hour TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL eight hour TWA	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

RHCA - STEL/C [ppm]	0.4 ppm 3 ppm
RHCA - STEL/C	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R. 280, 2021 Government Notice. R: 1179
<b>South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Airborne Pollutants)</b>	
Local name	Nitrogen dioxide
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL TWA	3 ppm
OEL STEL	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL	5 ppm
Regulatory reference	Government Notice No. R 904

DNEL (Derived-No Effect Level) : None available, None established.

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None available, None established.

### **8.2. Exposure controls**

#### **8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls**

Product to be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions.  
Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.  
Preferably use permanent leak-tight installations (e.g. welded pipes).  
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.  
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).  
Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.  
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

#### **8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment**

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.  
The following recommendations should be considered:

PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

- Eye/face protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.  
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.  
Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.
- Skin protection
  - Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.  
Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.  
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher. Recommended types include wrist gloves from leather or synthetic material with equivalent performance, fabric gloves, fabric gloves with leather palms.  
Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.  
Polyvinylchloride (PVC).
  - Other : Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.  
Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.  
Wear safety shoes while handling containers.  
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

- Respiratory protection
  - : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
  - Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.
  - Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
  - Recommended: Filter NO (blue).
  - Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.
  - Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .
  - Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.
  - Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
- Thermal hazards
  - : None in addition to the above sections.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas
- Colour	: Brownish gas.
Odour	: Pungent. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -11.2 °C -11.2 °C
Boiling point	: 21.1 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	: Not available
Upper explosion limit	: Not available
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 1 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: 3.4 bar(a)
Density	: Not applicable
Vapour density	: Not applicable.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 1.4
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 2.8
Water solubility	: Completely soluble.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not applicable for inorganic products.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No reliable data available.
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: Oxidiser.
- Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci)	: 1
Critical temperature [°C]	: 158 °C

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	: 46 g/mol
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Gas group	: Press. Gas (Liq.)

Other data : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactivity : This mixture contains components with the following reactivity : Violently oxidises organic material.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

May react violently with alkalis.  
With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.  
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.  
Moisture.  
May react violently with combustible materials.  
May react violently with reducing agents.  
Keep equipment free from oil and grease. For more guidance, refer to the EIGA Doc. 33 - Cleaning of Equipment for Oxygen Service downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu>.  
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity : Fatal if inhaled.

#### nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	57.5 ppm/4h
-----------------------------	-------------

**Skin corrosion/irritation** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
**Serious eye damage/irritation** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Respiratory or skin sensitisation** : No known effects from this product.  
**Germ cell mutagenicity** : No known effects from this product.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known effects from this product.  
**Toxic for reproduction : Fertility** : No known effects from this product.  
**Toxic for reproduction : unborn child** : No known effects from this product.  
**STOT-single exposure** : Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.  
**STOT-repeated exposure** : No known effects from this product.

**Aspiration hazard** : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

### **11.2. Information on other hazards**

Other information : Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.  
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1. Toxicity**

Assessment : No ecological damage caused by this product.  
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] : No data available.

### **12.2. Persistence and degradability**

No additional information available

### **12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

No additional information available

### **12.4. Mobility in soil**

No additional information available

### **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

### **12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

### **12.7. Other adverse effects**

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.  
Effect on the ozone layer : No effect on the ozone layer.  
Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Contact supplier if guidance is required.  
Must not be discharged to atmosphere.  
Gas may be scrubbed in alkaline solution under controlled conditions to avoid violent reaction.  
Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.  
Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.  
Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended) : 16 05 04 \*: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

### **13.2. Additional information**

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **14.1. UN number or ID number**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN  
UN-No. : 1067

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: DINITROGEN TETROXIDE (NITROGEN DIOXIDE)
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Nitrogen dioxide
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: DINITROGEN TETROXIDE (NITROGEN DIOXIDE)

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### Labelling



2.3 : Toxic gases.  
5.1 : Oxidizing substances.  
8 : Corrosive substances.

#### Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)

Class	: 2
Classification code	: 2TOC
Hazard identification number	: 265
Tunnel Restriction	: C/D - Tank carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

#### Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.3 (5.1, 8)
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-W

### 14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: Not applicable
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not applicable
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: None.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: None.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: P200
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: Forbidden.
Cargo Aircraft only	: Forbidden.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: P200

#### Special transport precautions

- : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
- Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
- Before transporting product containers:
  - Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
  - Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
  - Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
  - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
  - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : None.  
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Covered.

#### National regulations

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has not yet been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number  
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment  
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
RMM - Risk Management Measures  
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  
STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment  
EN - European Standard  
UN - United Nations  
ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
IATA - International Air Transport Association  
IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
WGK - Water Hazard Class  
STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure  
UFI : Unique Formula Identifier

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.  
Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Further information : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).  
Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.Eiga.eu>.

### Full text of H- and EUH-statements

Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidising Gases, Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

**DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY**

: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.  
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.  
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

**End of document**